

# Dianthus (Pinks)

## 128ct Plug

### Container:

Trade 1 Gallon Container

### Finish:

10-12 weeks

### When To Plant:

Mid to late summer

### Notes:

Plant 128 ct plugs in mid to late summer for following spring sales.

## 30ct Plug

### Container:

Trade 1 Gallon Container

### Finish:

6-8 weeks

### When To Plant:

Late winter to late spring

## 72ct Plug

### Container:

Trade 1 Gallon Container

### Finish:

8-10 weeks

### When To Plant:

Mid to late summer or late winter to spring

### Notes:

It is recommended to plant 72 ct plugs in mid to late summer for best results.

## Growing Temperature:

Rooting out: 72-75° F

Growing: 62-65° F

## EC Level:

1.25-2.0 pour through method

## Vernalization:

For consistent flowering it is recommended to vernalize dianthus for 6-9 weeks.

## Pests and Diseases:

To reduce disease, provide good air circulation and maintain humidity levels at 40% to 50%. Keep foliage dry going into nighttime hours. Apply appropriate fungicides as needed according to label rates. Planting too deep could lead to crown or root rots, mainly due to Rhizoctonia and Pythium. Dianthus are also susceptible to leaf spots caused by various fungal pathogens such as Alternaria and Cladosporium. Watch for aphids, caterpillars and thrips.

## Moisture:

Prefers moist, well-drained soil. Water well during root development and keep consistently moist for best growth and flowering. Do not allow plants to stay too wet or too dry, as both extremes may lead to root rot issues.

## Lighting:

Requires high light in production. Long days may enhance growth.

## Holding Temperature:

45-50° F or outdoors

## Soil pH:

5.5-5.8 (may show iron deficiency symptoms at a pH greater than 6.2)

## Fertility:

Dianthus are moderate feeders. A good dose of compost or slow-release fertilizer will improve performance. Sensitive to high salt levels.

For Controlled Release or Slow Release Fertilizer, see your preferred supplier for recommended rates for incorporation or top dressing, as it varies by fertilizer.

## Potting and Timing:

For the best results it is recommended to plant small plugs in mid to late summer to bulk prior to vernalization. This results in a full plant with great flower performance in spring. Spring planted dianthus often flower before they achieve the desired size.

## Planting Level:

Place plugs just at soil level, do not plant too deep.

## PGRs/Pinching:

One or two foliar applications using a tank mixture of 2,000 ppm daminozide (Dazide or B-Nine) plus 3 ppm uniconazole (Concise or Sumagic) are effective in controlling stem elongation. One pinch is also recommended for dianthus planted from small plugs, especially if they were not pinched in the plug.

**Grower Tips:**

Consider planting in late summer for best results. Do not allow to stay too wet or too dry. Both extremes may lead to root rot issues, and too drastic of a dry down will result in irreversible damage to the foliage in the form of narrowed and folded leaves.



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